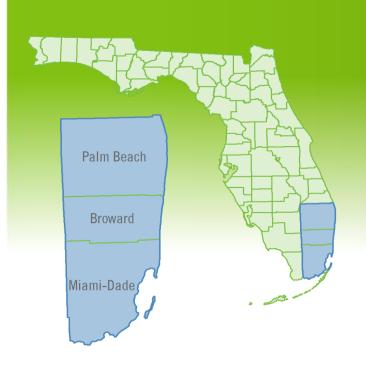
Yearly Market Detail - 2013 Single Family Homes Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach MSA





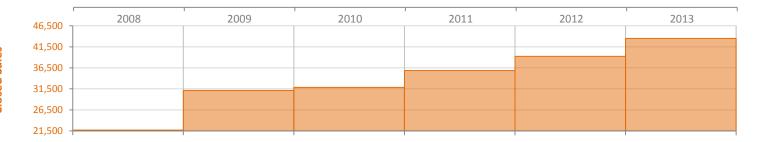
Summary Statistics	2013	2012	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	43,510	39,232	10.9%
Paid in Cash	19,885	17,663	12.6%
New Pending Sales	65,094	58,347	11.6%
New Listings	72,788	64,421	13.0%
Median Sale Price	\$243,000	\$202,000	20.3%
Average Sale Price	\$378,527	\$331,302	14.3%
Median Days on Market	44	59	-25.4%
Average Percent of Original List Price Received	94.7%	92.1%	2.8%
Inventory (Active Listings)	17,748	16,112	10.2%
Months Supply of Inventory	4.9	4.9	-0.7%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Year	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2013	43,510	10.9%
2012	39,232	9.4%
2011	35,874	12.6%
2010	31,869	2.4%
2009	31,136	43.6%
2008	21,683	N/A



Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach MSA

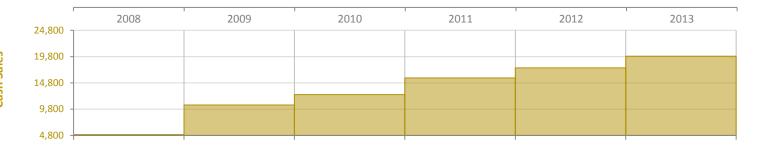


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the year in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Year	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2013	19,885	12.6%
2012	17,663	12.3%
2011	15,727	25.2%
2010	12,560	18.6%
2009	10,592	113.1%
2008	4,970	N/A

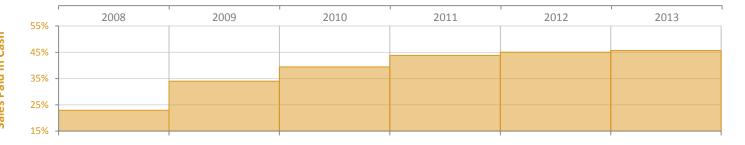


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Sales Paid in Cash





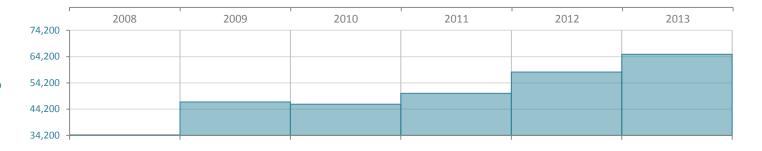
Percent Change

New Pending Sales

The number of property listings that went from "Active" to "Pending" status during the year

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2013	65,094	11.6%
2012	58,347	16.2%
2011	50,229	9.0%
2010	46,091	-1.8%
2009	46,945	36.6%
2008	34,374	N/A



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a *lagging* indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Year	New Listings	Year-over-Year
2013	72,788	13.0%
2012	64,421	-1.4%
2011	65,335	-11.1%
2010	73,458	6.1%
2009	69,216	-24.6%
2008	91,803	N/A





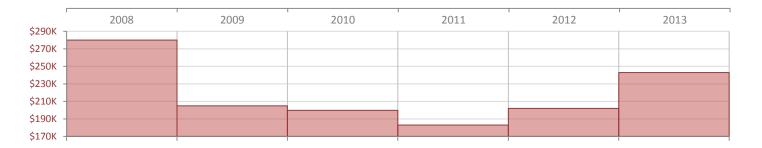
Percent Change

Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area.

Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2013	\$243,000	20.3%
2012	\$202,000	10.4%
2011	\$183,000	-8.5%
2010	\$199,900	-2.5%
2009	\$205,000	-26.8%
2008	\$280,000	N/A



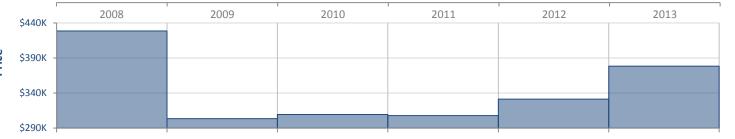
Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: As noted above, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Year	Average Sale Price	Year-over-Year
2013	\$378,527	14.3%
2012	\$331,302	7.6%
2011	\$307,943	-0.5%
2010	\$309,519	2.0%
2009	\$303,540	-29.2%
2008	\$428,756	N/A





Yearly Market Detail - 2013 Single Family Homes Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach MSA



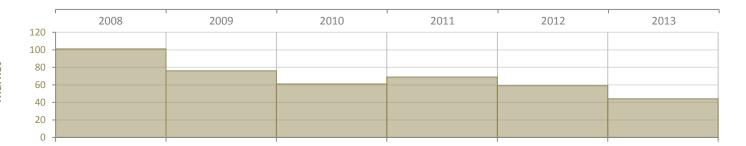
Median Days on Market

The median number of days that properties sold during the year were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this year was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this year took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Year	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2013	44	-25.4%
2012	59	-14.5%
2011	69	13.1%
2010	61	-19.7%
2009	76	-24.8%
2008	101	N/A

Median Days on Market



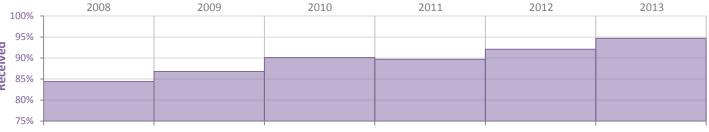
Average Percent of Original List Price Received

The average of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the year

Economists' note: The Average Percent of Original List Price Received is an indicator of market conditions, in that in a recovering market, the measure rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market that has shifted from down to up, and is another *lagging* indicator.

Avg. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
94.7%	2.8%
92.1%	2.7%
89.7%	-0.4%
90.1%	3.8%
86.8%	2.8%
84.4%	N/A
	94.7% 92.1% 89.7% 90.1% 86.8%





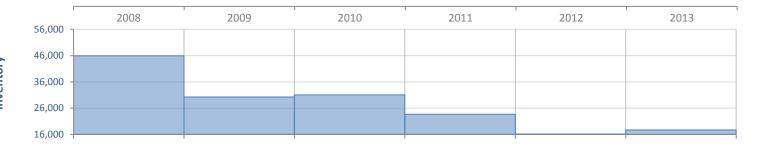


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the year, and hold this number to compare with the same calculation for the following year.

Year	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2013	17,748	10.2%
2012	16,112	-31.9%
2011	23,674	-23.8%
2010	31,059	2.7%
2009	30,238	-34.1%
2008	45,898	N/A



Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: This is an indicator of the state of the market, whether it is a buyers' market or a sellers' market. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 Months of Inventory. Higher numbers indicate a buyers' market, lower numbers a sellers' market.

Year	Months Supply	Year-over-Year
2013	4.9	-0.7%
2012	4.9	-37.8%
2011	7.9	-32.3%
2010	11.7	0.4%
2009	11.7	-54.1%
2008	25.4	N/A

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28.0 ¬	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
20.0						
23.0 -						
18.0 -						
13.0 -						
13.0						
8.0 -						
3.0 -						

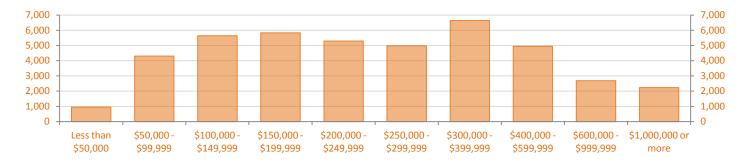


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	953	-38.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	4,308	-25.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	5,642	-7.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	5,833	0.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	5,289	8.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	4,982	35.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	6,633	53.8%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	4,949	38.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	2,691	41.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	2,230	33.8%



Median Days on Market by Sale Price
The median number of days that properties sold during
the year were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this year was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this year took less time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Sale Price	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
Less than \$50,000	45	-6.3%	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	45	-10.0%	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	40	-24.5%	
\$150,000 - \$199,999	36	-34.5%	
\$200,000 - \$249,999	38	-29.6%	
\$250,000 - \$299,999	35	-38.6%	
\$300,000 - \$399,999	42	-27.6%	
\$400,000 - \$599,999	50	-29.6%	
\$600,000 - \$999,999	70	-26.3%	
\$1,000,000 or more	119	-17.9%	



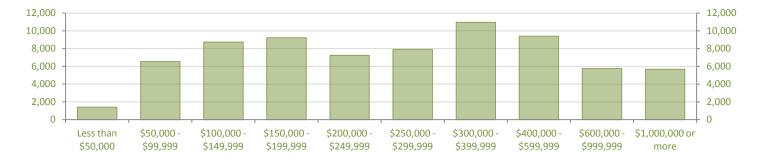




New Listings by Initial Listing Price
The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

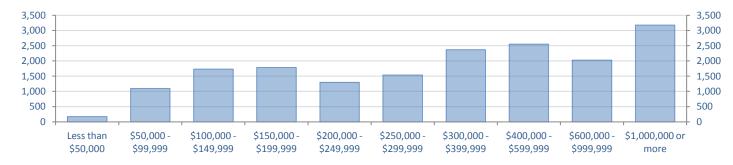
Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1,399	-30.5%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	6,537	-23.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	8,730	-5.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	9,212	4.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	7,236	8.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	7,900	31.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	10,952	44.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	9,393	42.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	5,760	31.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	5,669	25.0%



Inventory by Current Listing Price
The number of property listings active at the end of the year

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the year, and hold this number to compare with the same calculation for the following year.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
Less than \$50,000	174	-23.0%	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1,097	-15.2%	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	1,734	15.3%	
\$150,000 - \$199,999	1,784	23.5%	
\$200,000 - \$249,999	1,298	4.5%	
\$250,000 - \$299,999	1,540	13.2%	
\$300,000 - \$399,999	2,366	23.4%	
\$400,000 - \$599,999	2,552	22.2%	
\$600,000 - \$999,999	2,028	4.1%	
\$1,000,000 or more	3,175	2.8%	



Yearly Market Detail - 2013 Single Family Homes Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach MSA





		2013	2012	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	30,049	23,409	28.4%
Hauitioliai	Median Sale Price	\$290,000	\$255,000	13.7%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	5,804	6,687	-13.2%
TOTECTOSUTE/ICEO	Median Sale Price	\$150,000	\$131,899	13.7%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	7,657	9,136	-16.2%
Short Sale	Median Sale Price	\$163,000	\$151,675	7.5%

